

A Limited Liability Partnership (325) 944-3571

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www.eckertcpa.com

Michael E. Oliphant, CPA Wayne Barr, CPA Cathryn A. Pitcock, CPA Megan Solsbery, CPA

February 8, 2024

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court County of Mills P.O. Box 483 Goldthwaite, TX 76844-0483

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Mills, Texas, for the year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2024. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated May 11, 2023. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the County are described in Section I. of the notes to the financial statements. The provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, "*Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*," were adopted during the year ended September 30, 2023. The application of other existing policies was not changed. We noted no transactions entered into by the County during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the County's financial statements was:

The estimated useful lives of depreciable assets, which are based on projections of the productive lives of the assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop this estimate in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements.

2201 Sherwood Way, Suite 302 • P.O. Box 5821 • San Angelo, TX 76902

Members of American Institute of CPAs Texas Society of CPAs The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Page 2 February 8, 2024

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a disagreement on a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 8, 2024.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the County's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the County's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and net pension liability and contributions information for the Texas County & District Retirement System, which are presented as supplementary information related to the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit this information, and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on this information.

We were engaged to report on the schedule of certificates of deposit, which accompanies the financial statements. With respect to this other information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period; and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the other information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Commissioners' Court of the County of Mills, Texas, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Eckert & Company, LLP

COUNTY OF MILLS Annual Financial Report Year Ended September 30, 2023

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FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court County of Mills P.O. Box 483 Goldthwaite, TX 76844-0483

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mills, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mills, Texas, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Section I., Note C.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County of Mills, Texas, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matters

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Section I., Note C. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

New Accounting Standard

The County adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, described in Note I., K. to the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County of Mills' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Mills' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County of Mills' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

The management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and net pension liability and contributions information for the Texas County & District Retirement System are presented to supplement the basic financial statements. We have applied certain limited procedures to the supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Page 3

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Mills' basic financial statements. The accompanying other information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 8, 2024, on our consideration of the County of Mills' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Mills' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Mills' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eckert & Company, LLP

February 8, 2024

Precinct 1 - Mike Wright Precinct 2 - Robert Head Precinct 3 - Dale Partin Precinct 4 - Jason Williams

Commissioners' Court Mills County Courthouse P.O. Box 34 Goldthwaite, Texas 76844

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the County of Mills' financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2023, within the limitations of the County's modified cash basis of accounting. It should be read in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements and independent auditor's report.

Financial Highlights - Modified Cash Basis of Accounting

The County's assets exceeded its liabilities at the end of the current year by \$13,971,711 (net position). Of this amount, \$4,723,622 (unrestricted) is available to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

The County's total net position increased by \$2,020,533 or 17% as a result of current year operations. The County's statement of activities shows total revenues of \$8,255,940 and total expenses of \$6,235,407.

The total fund balance of the General Fund is \$4,372,390, which is an increase of \$1,200,583 or 38% compared to the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The County's financial statements are presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the County's modified cash basis of accounting.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

Overview of the Financial Statements - Continued

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the current year while keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

The governmental activities of the County include public transportation through roads and bridges, justice system, public safety, public health and welfare, culture and recreation, and debt service, as well as general administrative and support services.

The County has no component units.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the current year.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet - modified cash basis and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - modified cash basis provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet - modified cash basis and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - modified cash basis for the General Fund, the Road and Bridge Fund, the Law Enforcement Fund, and the American Rescue Plan Act Grant Fund (ARPA), all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The County adopts a budget for its General Fund, Interest and Sinking Fund, and Special Revenue Funds.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets which are held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other County funds. The County's fiduciary funds are custodial funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Position - A summary of the County's net position is presented below:

NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Governmental Activities				
	September 30,				
	2023	2022			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 4,973,084	\$ 4,487,991			
Capital Assets	15,229,962	14,713,722			
Total Assets	\$ 20,203,046	\$ 19,201,713			
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding Other Liabilities	\$ 6,212,057 19,278	\$ 6,468,411 782,124			
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,231,335	\$ 7,250,535			
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 9,017,905	\$ 8,245,311			
Restricted	230,184	286,915			
Unrestricted	4,723,622	3,418,952			
Total Net Position	\$ 13,971,711	\$ 11,951,178			

A portion of the County's net position resulting from modified cash basis transactions (\$9,017,905) reflects the County's investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the County's net position (\$230,184) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$4,723,622) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis - Continued

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the County's net position resulting from modified cash basis transactions by \$2,020,533 and \$626,305 for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Key elements of these increases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
	Year Ended September 30,			
	2023	2022		
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 729,318	\$ 805,329		
Operating Grants and Contributions	545,812	595,494		
Capital Grants and Contributions	678,274	250,400		
General Revenues				
Maintenance and Operations Taxes	5,511,693	3,969,344		
Debt Service Taxes	492,096	448,772		
Investment Earnings	190,975	29,381		
Other Revenues	107,772	247,300		
Total Revenues	\$ 8,255,940	\$ 6,346,020		
Expenses				
General Government	\$ 1,578,788	\$ 971,722		
Roads and Bridges	1,542,613	1,188,749		
Justice System	296,920	545,461		
Public Safety	2,496,918	2,478,524		
Public Health and Welfare	56,754	266,047		
Culture and Recreation	34,193	31,916		
Debt Service	229,221	237,296		
	<u>_</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total Expenses	\$ 6,235,407	\$ 5,719,715		
Change in Net Position	\$ 2,020,533	\$ 626,305		
C C		-		
Net Position - Beginning	11,951,178	11,324,873		
5 5		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net Position - Ending	\$ 13,971,711	\$ 11,951,178		
č				

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. The unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the current year within the limitations of the County's modified cash basis of accounting.

The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances on the modified cash basis of accounting of \$4,953,806, an increase of \$1,247,939 or 34% in comparison with the prior year. These fund balances are reported in various governmental funds as follows:

General Fund \$4,372,390. All of this balance is unassigned.

Special Revenue Funds \$553,084. Of this balance \$201,852 is restricted by legislation and \$351,232 is committed to special programs.

Debt Service Fund \$28,332. This balance is restricted for payment of long-term debt principal and interest.

General Fund Budget

The original budget for the General Fund was \$4,466,766, and the final amended budget was \$4,518,586, which represents a \$51,820 increase in appropriations. Variances between the original budget and the final amended budget are shown on page 36 in the supplementary information section of the audit report.

County Budget

The County has adopted a budget, for the County as a whole, for revenues (net of transfers) in the amount of \$7,874,620 for the fiscal year 2024, which is a decrease of \$42,800 from the fiscal year 2023, and a budget for expenditures (net of transfers) in the amount of \$7,796,364 for the fiscal year 2024, which is an increase of \$39,440 from the fiscal year 2023.

Capital Assets and Debt - Modified Cash Basis

Capital Assets - Financial statement footnote III., C. discloses the County's capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Long-Term Debt - Financial statement footnote III., E. discloses the County's debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Other Information

The County does not necessarily agree with the assumptions used by the TCDRS related to its Defined Benefit Pension Plan but is merely incorporating and attributing these assumptions in the audit report for disclosure to readers of the financial statements.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Jett J. Johnson, County Judge, County of Mills, P.O. Box 483, Goldthwaite, TX 76844-0483.

Basic Financial Statements

COUNTY OF MILLS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Primary Government
	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Others Capital Assets:	\$ 4,972,095 989
Land Buildings and Improvements, Net Machinery and Equipment, Net Construction in Progress	102,869 12,567,127 1,307,103 1,252,863
Total Assets	20,203,046
LIABILITIES Other Payables Unearned Revenue Noncurrent Liabilities:	1,429 17,849
Due Within One Year: Due in More Than One Year: Bonds Payable	245,000 5,967,057
Total Liabilities	6,231,335
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	9,017,905
Restricted for Legislation Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted	201,852 28,332 4,723,622
Total Net Position	\$ 13,971,711

COUNTY OF MILLS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

			Program Revenues			
	Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		
Primary Government:						
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
General Government	\$ 1,578,788	\$	301,557	\$	25,740	
Roads and Bridges	1,542,613		343,596		47,186	
Justice System	296,920		70,446		64,187	
Public Safety	2,496,918		13,719		396,553	
Public Health and Welfare	56,754		-		12,146	
Culture and Recreation	34,193		-		-	
Interest on Debt	228,821		-		-	
Fiscal Agent's Fees	 400		-		-	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 6,235,407	\$	729,318	\$	545,812	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Revenue

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

-	Capital Grants and Contributions		Primary Government Governmental		
\$	-	\$	(1,251,491)		
	-		(1,151,831)		
	-		(162,287)		
	-		(2,086,646)		
	678,274		633,666		
	-		(34,193)		
	-		(228,821)		
	-		(400)		
\$	678,274		(4,282,003)		

	Net (Expense) Revenue and
	Changes in Net Position
al and tions	Primary Government Governmental
utons	

5,511,693
492,096
190,975
107,772
6,302,536
2,020,533
11,951,178

13,971,711

\$

COUNTY OF MILLS BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	En	Law forcement Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Others	\$ 4,372,498	\$ 280,356 989	\$	55,981 -
Total Assets	\$ 4,372,498	\$ 281,345	\$	55,981
LIABILITIES				
Other Payables Unearned Revenue	\$ 108	\$ -	\$	121
Total Liabilities	 108	 -		121
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted Fund Balance:				
Restricted by Legislation Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed Fund Balance:	-	-		-
Committed for Law Enforcement Committed for Roads and Bridges Committed for Special Programs	- -	281,345		55,860 - -
Unassigned Fund Balance	4,372,390	-		-
Total Fund Balances	 4,372,390	 281,345		55,860
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,372,498	\$ 281,345	\$	55,981

ARPA Grant Fund	Other Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 17,849	\$ 245,411	\$	4,972,095 989
\$ 17,849	\$ 245,411	\$	4,973,084
\$ - 17,849 17,849	\$ 1,200	\$	1,429 17,849 19,278
-	201,852		201,852
-	28,332		28,332 55,860 281,345 14,027 4,372,390
	 244,211		4,953,806
\$ 17,849	\$ 245,411	\$	4,973,084

COUNTY OF MILLS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 4,953,806
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not reported in governmental funds.	15,229,962
Long-term debt, including unamortized premiums, are not reported in governmental funds.	(6,212,057)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 13,971,711

COUNTY OF MILLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Law Enforcement Fund
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$	4,554,343	\$ 957,350	\$ -
Fees		159,672	343,596	-
Fines		160,908	-	
Intergovernmental		67,740	47,186	395,103
Investment Earnings		189,451	416	
Miscellaneous		20,299	36,054	39,444
Total Revenues		5,152,413	1,384,602	434,547
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government		1,561,133	-	. <u> </u>
Roads and Bridges		-	1,337,094	
Justice System		423,691	-	
Public Safety		278,415	-	1,903,365
Public Health and Welfare		10,691	-	-
Culture and Recreation		-	-	-
Debt Service:				
Principal on Debt		-	-	-
Interest on Debt		-	-	-
Fiscal Agent's Fees		-	-	-
Total Expenditures		2,273,930	1,337,094	1,903,365
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		2,878,483	47,508	(1,468,818)
Expenditures				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			10.000	4 40 5 000
Transfers In		-	40,000	1,495,000
Transfers Out (Use)		(1,677,900)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,677,900)	40,000	1,495,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,200,583	87,508	26,182
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		3,171,807	193,837	29,678
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	4,372,390	\$ 281,345	\$ 55,860
rund balance - september 50 (Ending)	ф 	4,372,390	φ 201,343	φ 55,800

ARPA Grant Fund		Other Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
	¢	102 00 0	¢	6 002 700
-	\$	492,096	\$	6,003,789
-		65,142		568,410
-		-		160,908 1,224,086
678,274		35,783		1,224,086
-		1,108 22,481		190,973
678,274		616,610		8,266,446
-		110,751		1,671,884
-		-		1,337,094
-		145,763		569,454
-		30,132		2,211,912
678,274		32,669		721,634
-		20,954		20,954
-		235,000		235,000
-		250,175		250,175
-		400		400
678,274		825,844		7,018,507
-		(209,234)		1,247,939
-		142,900		1,677,900
-		-		(1,677,900)
-		142,900		-
-		(66,334)		1,247,939
		310,545		3,705,867
-	\$	244,211	\$	4,953,806

COUNTY OF MILLS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, & CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,247,939
Capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.	1,204,583
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources.	(677,837)
The remaining basis of capital assets disposed of in the current year results in a decrease in net position.	(10,506)
Long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in governmental funds but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	235,000
Amortization of bond premium is not recorded in the governmental funds but is shown as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	21,354
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,020,533

COUNTY OF MILLS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 116,939
Restricted Assets	142,187
Total Assets	259,126
LIABILITIES	
Due to State	95,350
Due to Others	21,761
Total Liabilities	117,111
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Custodial Purposes	142,015
Total Net Position	\$ 142,015

COUNTY OF MILLS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Fines and Fees Collections	\$ 2,173,721
Bond and Registry Accounts	44,060
Commissary Deposits	130,978
Investment Earnings	268
Total Additions	2,349,027
DEDUCTIONS:	
Fines and Fees Remittances	2,173,817
Bond and Registry Accounts	101,961
Commissary - Inmate Funds Released	29,877
Commissary - Sales Tax	3,135
Commissary - Supplies	76,576
Commissary - Telephone	21,390
Other Remittances	172
Total Deductions	2,406,928
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(57,901)
Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning)	199,916
Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 142,015

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The County of Mills, Texas, prepares its basic financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

A. Reporting Entity

The County of Mills, Texas, was organized by an Act of the Texas Legislature in 1887. The County is governed by the Commissioners' Court, a five-member group consisting of an elected County Judge and four County Commissioners elected from individual precincts. Services provided by the County include public transportation through roads and bridges, justice system, public safety, public health and welfare, culture and recreation, and debt service, as well as general administrative and support services. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services - payments from parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment of the County and (2) grants and contributions - payments from organizations outside the County that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment of the County. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as interfund receivables and payables on the government-wide statement of net position.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe how transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting.

Governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus. Current financial assets and liabilities are generally the only items included on their balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. Fund balance is used to measure available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continued

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes assets, liabilities, net position, fund equity, revenues, expenditures, and expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide financial statements. The modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The use of the modified cash basis of accounting results in certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenues for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable, expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) not being recorded in these financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all revenues except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Road and Bridge Fund - This Fund is a special revenue fund and is used to account for revenues for the road and bridge precincts.

Law Enforcement Fund - This Fund is a special revenue fund and is used to account for revenues for the County's law enforcement activities.

American Rescue Plan Act Grant Fund (ARPA) - This fund is a special revenue fund and is used to provide relief funds to state, local, and tribal governments that have been negatively impacted by the Coronavirus pandemic.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Debt Service Fund - This Fund is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds - These Funds account for resources restricted to, or committed for, specific purposes by the County or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most federal and some state financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those Funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

The County has the following Fiduciary Funds:

Custodial Funds - These Funds are used to account for assets which are held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other County funds.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

D. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between individual funds may result in amounts owed between funds which are classified as Due To and From Other Funds. Other than amounts due to or from fiduciary funds these balances are eliminated in the statement of net position.

E. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from modified cash basis transactions are reported in the statement of net position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years		
Buildings and Improvements	15-40		
Machinery and Equipment	5-10		

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from modified cash basis transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

F. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of cash held by the County in a custodial capacity for custodial purposes.

G. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt arising from modified cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

Long-term debt arising from modified cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

H. Compensated Absences

County employees are entitled to vacation and sick leave based on their length of employment. Vacation does not accumulate or vest. Employees may accumulate up to 320 hours of sick leave. Employees are not paid for unused sick leave upon separation from service. Employees are paid only for the current year's unused vacation, not to exceed 80 hours, and provided proper notice was given, they are not under disciplinary action or suspension, and they have been a fulltime employee a minimum of 12 months.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

I. Net Position on the Statement of Net Position

Net position on the statement of net position includes the following:

Net Investment in Capital Assets- This component of net position represents the difference between capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding any unspent debt proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Legislation - This component of net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities of certain Special Revenue Funds that consists of assets with constraints placed on their use by state legislation.

Restricted for Debt Service - This component of net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund that consists of assets with constraints placed on their use by creditors.

Unrestricted - This is the difference between assets and liabilities that is not reported as Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted for Legislation, or Restricted for Debt Service.

J. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because usage restraints have been imposed by external sources such as creditors (through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through formal action by the Commissioners' Court.

Unassigned - Amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the governmental funds balance sheet.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Commissioners' Court has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Restricted net position for custodial purposes represents the net position available in the custodial funds for distribution to individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

K. Implementation of New Accounting Standard

The County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The County determined there was no impact upon its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows upon adoption.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

L. Property Tax Revenues

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all property located in the County in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues when they are collected.

Taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy.

M. Interfund Transfers

Permanent relocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budget

The County prepares and adopts a budget for governmental funds prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The County holds public meetings for the purpose of obtaining comments from citizens prior to adopting the budget. Once a budget is approved, it can be amended only by approval of a majority of the members of the Commissioners' Court. The budget was amended during the year.

Budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Interest and Sinking Fund are adopted on a modified cash basis and cover a one-year period. Appropriations lapse at year end.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers' acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

A. Deposits and Investments - Continued

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits and investments in certificates of deposit may not be returned to it. The County's policy does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits and investments, other than the following: The State of Texas requires that a financial institution secure deposits and investments made by state and local governments by pledging securities in excess of the highest cash balance of the government. The County is not exposed to custodial credit risk for its deposits since they are covered by depository insurance and pledged securities held by a third party in the County's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The investment policy of the County contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent five percent or more of the total entity investments represent a concentration risk. The County is not exposed to this risk as described in the preceding paragraph.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At September 30, 2023, the County was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk: Not applicable

Foreign Currency Risk: Not applicable

At September 30, 2023, the County's investments with respective maturities and credit ratings consisted of the following:

			Weighted	
			Average	Credit
	Fair Value	Percent	Maturity	Rating
Public Funds Investment Pools				
TexPool	\$ 4,264,513	100%	23 Days	AAAm

B. Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount	Purpose	
General Fund General Fund General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund Law Enforcement Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 40,000 1,495,000 142,900	To Cover Fund Deficit To Cover Fund Deficit To Cover Fund Deficit	
Total		\$ 1,677,900		

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Capital Assets					
Land	\$ 102,869	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 102,869
Buildings and Improvements	17,505,365	0	0	0	17,505,365
Machinery and Equipment	3,220,730	256,729	27,997	0	3,449,462
Construction in Progress	305,009	947,854	0	0	1,252,863
Total Capital Assets	\$ 21,133,973	\$ 1,204,583	\$ 27,997	\$ 0	\$ 22,310,559
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	\$ (4,500,972)	\$ (437,266)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (4,938,238)
Machinery and Equipment	(1,919,279)	(240,571)	(17,491)	0	(2,142,359)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ (6,420,251)	\$ (677,837)	\$ (17,491)	\$ 0	\$ (7,080,597)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 14,713,722	\$ 526,746	\$ 10,506	\$ 0	\$ 15,229,962

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 174,073
Roads and Bridges	205,519
Public Safety	285,006
Culture and Recreation	 13,239
Total	\$ 677,837

D. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at year end consisted of the following:

ARPA Grant Fund \$ 17,849

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

E. Long-Term Debt

The County's long-term liabilities consist of bonded indebtedness and bond premium/discount. The current requirements for limited tax bonds principal and interest are accounted for in the Interest and Sinking Fund.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2023:

	Beginning Balance	Addit	ions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Limited Tax Bonds Bond Premium (Net)	\$ 6,100,000 368,411	\$	0 0	\$ 235,000 21,354	\$ 5,865,000 347,057	\$ 245,000
Totals	\$ 6,468,411	\$	0	\$ 256,354	\$ 6,212,057	\$ 245,000

The County's outstanding bond issue, which is payable from the Interest and Sinking Fund, is as follows:

utstanding	
mber 30, 2023	
5,865,000	
n	nber 30, 2023

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Limited 7	Tax Bonds		
Principal	Interest	Total	
\$ 245,000	\$ 240,575	\$ 485,575	
255,000	230,575	485,575	
265,000	220,175	485,175	
275,000	209,375	484,375	
285,000	198,175	483,175	
1,620,000	805,375	2,425,375	
1,990,000	437,238	2,427,238	
930,000	42,300	972,300	
\$ 5,865,000	\$ 2,383,788	\$ 8,248,788	
	Principal \$ 245,000 255,000 265,000 275,000 285,000 1,620,000 1,990,000 930,000	\$ 245,000 \$ 240,575 255,000 230,575 265,000 220,175 275,000 209,375 285,000 198,175 1,620,000 805,375 1,990,000 437,238 930,000 42,300	

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide, Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS). All full-time and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year, employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership. The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. This report is available at www.tcdrs.org. TCDRS' CAFR may also be obtained by writing to the Texas County & District Retirement System, P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034, or by calling 1-800-823-7782.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal deposits in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Funding Policy - The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable-Rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. However, the governing body chose to contribute at an elected rate in both 2022 and 2023 that exceeded the actuarially determined rate as allowed by the provisions of the TCDRS Act. The rate contributed for the months of the accounting year in 2022 was 13.73% and was 14.00% for the months of the accounting year in 2023.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2023 is 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Actuarial Assumptions - All actuarial methods and assumptions used for this GASB analysis were the same as those used in the December 31, 2022 funding valuation, except as noted below and throughout this report. Please see the County's December 31, 2022 Summary Valuation Report for further details.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Following are the key assumptions and methods used in this GASB analysis:

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age (Level Percent of Pay)		
Amortization Method Recognition of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	Straight-Line Amortization Over Expected Working Life		
Recognition of Assumptions Changes or Inputs	Straight-Line Amortization Over Expected Working Life		
Asset Valuation Method Smoothing Period Recognition Method Corridor	5 Years Non-Asymptotic None		
Inflation	2.5%		
Salary Increases	4.7%		
Investment Rate of Return	7.6% (Gross of Administrative Expenses)		
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	Cost-of-Living Adjustments for the County are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.		
Retirement Age	Members eligible for service retirement are assumed to retire at various rates based upon age and gender. For all eligible members ages 75 and later, retirement is assumed to occur immediately.		
Turnover	New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have similar entry ages.		
Mortality	Mortality rates for depositing members are based on 135% for males and 120% for females of the gender- distinct Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table. Service retirees, beneficiaries, and non-depositing members are based on 135% for males and 120% for females of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table. Disabled retirees are based on 160% for males and 125% for females of the Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table. All of the rates are projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.		

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return - The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2023 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Note the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed in detail at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at its March 2022 meeting. The assumption for the long-term expected return is reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected Minus Inflation)
U.S. Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.95%
Global Equities	MSCI World (Net) Index	2.50%	4.95%
International Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (Net) Index	5.00%	4.95%
International Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (Net) Index	6.00%	4.95%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.40%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Index	9.00%	3.39%
Direct Lending	Morningstar LSTA US Leveraged Loan TR USD Index	16.00%	6.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index	4.00%	7.60%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (Net) Index		
		2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index	25.00%	7.95%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	2.90%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	0.20%

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Depletion of Plan Assets/GASB Discount Rate - The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in 1, calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future date, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefits payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.6%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.5%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.1% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The following presents the increases (decreases) in net pension liability (asset) of the County of Mills:

			Incr	ease (Decreas	e)	
	To	tal Pension		Fiduciary	N	Net Pension
		Liability	N	et Position	Lia	bility (Asset)
Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	8,634,657	\$	9,122,950	\$	(488,293)
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost	\$	299,317	\$	0	\$	299,317
Interest on Total Pension Liability		660,104		0		660,104
Effect of Plan Changes		0		0		0
Effect of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses		(13,877)		0		(13,877)
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs		0		0		0
Refund of Contributions		(34,544)		(34,544)		0
Benefit Payments		(471,508)		(471,508)		0
Administrative Expenses		0		(4,999)		4,999
Member Contributions		0		149,701		(149,701)
Net Investment Income (Loss)		0		(529,962)		529,962
Employer Contributions		0		299,599		(299,599)
Other		0		(366)		366
Net Changes	\$	439,492	\$	(592,079)	\$	1,031,571
Balance as of December 31, 2022	\$	9,074,149	\$	8,530,871	\$	543,278

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the County's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.6%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.6%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	in Discount	Discount	in Discount
	Rate (6.6%)	Rate (7.6%)	Rate (8.6%)
Total Pension Liability	\$ 10,265,214	\$ 9,074,149	\$ 8,085,090
Fiduciary Net Position	8,530,871	8,530,871	8,530,871
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,734,343	\$ 543,278	\$ (445,781)

Pension Expense (Income) - The following presents the components of pension expense (income):

	January 1, 2022 to
Pension Expense (Income)	December 31, 2022
Service Cost	\$ 299,317
Interest on Total Pension Liability	660,104
Effect of Plan Changes	0
Administrative Expenses	4,999
Member Contributions	(149,701)
Expected Investment Return Net of Investment Expenses	(691,027)
Recognition of Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources:	
Recognition of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	(36,948)
Recognition of Assumption Changes or Inputs	132,051
Recognition of Investment Gains or Losses	19,254
Other	366
Total Pension Expense (Income)	\$ 238,415

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources-As of September 30, 2023, the deferred outflows and inflows of resources are as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 28,562	\$ 9,251
Changes in Assumptions	-	15,429
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings	170,260	-
Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date	242,325	
Totals	\$ 441,147	\$ 24,680

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	Pension
Ending	Expense
September 30,	Amount
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$ (91,996) (6,924) 28,866 244,196 0

B. Other Benefits

Plan Description - The County participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS). This plan is referred to as the Group Term Life Fund (GTLF). This plan provides group term life insurance coverage to current eligible employees and, if elected by employers, to retired employees. The County has not elected to cover retired employees.

The GTLF is a separate trust administered by the TCDRS' Board of Trustees. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the GTLF. This report is available at www.tcdrs.org. TCDRS' CAFR may also be obtained by writing to the Texas County & District Retirement System, P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034, or by calling 1-800-823-7782.

Funding Policy - Each participating employer contributes to the GTLF at a contractually required rate. An annual actuarial valuation is performed, and the contractual rate is determined using the unit credit method for providing one-year term life insurance. The County's contributions to the GTLF for the years ended September 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, were \$4,191, \$5,245, and \$5,419, respectively, which equaled the contractually required contributions each year.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

C. Self-Insurance

The County has coverage through the Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool for workers' compensation, employer's liability, and property and casualty coverage.

D. Tax Abatements

The County has entered into contractual agreements with property owners in which the County has agreed to reduce the amount of ad valorem taxes payable on certain improvements constructed after the date the agreements were reached in accordance with Chapter 312 of the State of Texas Tax Code. The terms of the agreements are limited by the guidelines and criteria established by the County Commissioners. At September 30, 2023, the County had established abatement agreements with the following property owners:

Property Owner	Date of Abatement Agreement	First Year of Abatement	Final Year of Abatement	1	2022 Appraised Values	 2022 Taxable Values	 2022 Abated Values	 2022 Taxes Levied	 2022 Taxes Abated
Goldthwaite Wind Energy, LLC	12/12/2011	2014	2023	\$	59,123,110	\$ 35,473,866	\$ 23,649,244	\$ 215,007	\$ 143,338
Flat Top Wind I, LLC	12/14/2015	2019	2028		132,234,620	52,893,848	79,340,772	320,590	480,884

During fiscal year 2023, the total amount of abated property value was \$102,990,016. Based on the county tax rate of \$0.6061 per \$100 of value, the foregone tax levy due to abatement agreements was \$624,222.

E. Emergency Medical Services Agreement

On February 19, 2019, the County Commissioners approved an interlocal government contract with The Hamilton County Hospital District whereby said Hospital District will provide emergency medical services for the residents of Mills County for a period of fifty-seven months beginning January 1, 2019. The initial term ended September 30, 2023, and the agreement automatically renewed for an additional five years under the same terms and conditions beginning October 1, 2023. The interlocal agreement's fee schedule is as follows:

Year Ending	Fee
September 30,	Schedule
<u>september 50</u> ;	Senedule
2024	\$ 250,000
2025	250,000
2026	250,000
2027	250,000
2028	250,000

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, \$250,000 was recorded as an expenditure.

F. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated the impact of all subsequent events on the County through February 8, 2024, the date of the financial statements issuance and has determined that there were no subsequent events requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

Supplementary Information

COUNTY OF MILLS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

					A	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget		
		Budgeted A	Amo	unts				sitive or	
	0	riginal		Final			(N	egative)	
REVENUES:									
Taxes	\$	4,561,926	\$	4,561,926	\$	4,554,343	\$	(7,583)	
Fees		366,000		366,000		159,672		(206,328)	
Fines		185,500		185,500		160,908		(24,592)	
Intergovernmental		94,200		94,200		67,740		(26,460)	
Investment Earnings		40,010		40,010		189,451		149,441	
Miscellaneous		160,500		160,500		20,299		(140,201)	
Total Revenues		5,408,136		5,408,136		5,152,413		(255,723)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General Government		1,775,764		1,814,252		1,561,133		253,119	
Justice System		444,526		454,580		423,691		30,889	
Public Safety		445,126		445,304		278,415		166,889	
Public Health and Welfare		11,100		14,200		10,691		3,509	
Total Expenditures		2,676,516		2,728,336		2,273,930		454,406	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		2,731,620		2,679,800		2,878,483		198,683	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers Out (Use)		(1,790,250)		(1,790,250)		(1,677,900)		112,350	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,790,250)		(1,790,250)		(1,677,900)		112,350	
Net Change		941,370		889,550		1,200,583		311,033	
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		3,171,807		3,171,807		3,171,807		-	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	4,113,177	\$	4,061,357	\$	4,372,390	\$	311,033	

COUNTY OF MILLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget	
	O	riginal		Final				sitive or egative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	957,729	\$	957,729	\$	957,350	\$	(379)
Fees		327,800		327,800		343,596		15,796
Intergovernmental		47,200		47,200		47,186		(14)
Investment Earnings		1,000		1,000		416		(584)
Miscellaneous		8,000		8,000		36,054		28,054
Total Revenues		1,341,729		1,341,729		1,384,602		42,873
EXPENDITURES:								
Roads and Bridges:								
Precinct Number One		332,527		332,527		256,764		75,763
Precinct Number Two		310,252		310,252		289,841		20,411
Precinct Number Three		367,952		367,952		346,084		21,868
Precinct Number Four		354,152		354,262		333,367		20,895
Road and Bridge Special		157,500		124,225		111,038		13,187
Total Expenditures		1,522,383		1,489,218		1,337,094		152,124
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(180,654)		(147,489)		47,508		194,997
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		198,100		198,100		40,000		(158,100)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		198,100		198,100		40,000		(158,100)
Change in Fund Balance		17,446		50,611		87,508		36,897
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		193,837		193,837		193,837		-
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	211,283	\$	244,448	\$	281,345	\$	36,897

COUNTY OF MILLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual mounts	Variance With Final Budget		
	0	riginal		Final				sitive or egative)	
		0						<u> </u>	
REVENUES:									
Intergovernmental	\$	526,000	\$	526,000	\$	395,103	\$	(130,897)	
Miscellaneous		8,750		8,750		39,444		30,694	
Total Revenues		534,750		534,750		434,547		(100,203)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Public Safety		2,039,616		2,071,616		1,903,365		168,251	
Total Expenditures		2,039,616		2,071,616		1,903,365	_	168,251	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,504,866)		(1,536,866)		(1,468,818)		68,048	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers In		1,495,000		1,495,000		1,495,000			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,495,000		1,495,000		1,495,000	_	-	
Change in Fund Balance		(9,866)		(41,866)		26,182		68,048	
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		29,678		29,678		29,678		-	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	19,812	\$	(12,188)	\$	55,860	\$	68,048	

COUNTY OF MILLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - INTEREST AND SINKING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual mounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
	Or	iginal		Final			ative)	
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	485,575	\$	485,575	\$ 492,096	\$	6,521	
Investment Earnings		150		150	632	_	482	
Total Revenues		485,725		485,725	492,728		7,003	
EXPENDITURES:								
Debt Service:								
Principal on Debt		235,000		235,000	235,000		-	
Interest on Debt		250,175		250,175	250,175		-	
Fiscal Agent's Fees		400		400	400			
Total Expenditures		485,575		485,575	485,575		_	
Change in Fund Balance		150		150	7,153		7,003	
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		21,179		21,179	 21,179		-	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	21,329	\$	21,329	\$ 28,332	\$	7,003	

COUNTY OF MILLS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Pla	FY 2023 n Year 2022	Pla	FY 2022 an Year 2021	Pla	FY 2021 nn Year 2020
A. Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost	\$	299,317	\$	277,692	\$	285,230
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		660,104		623,543		608,228
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		(13,877)		85,688		(182,652)
Changes of Assumptions		-		(46,290)		442,445
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(506,052)		(457,209)		(442,937)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	439,492	\$	483,424	\$	710,314
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		8,634,657		8,151,233		7,440,919
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	9,074,149	\$	8,634,657	\$	8,151,233
B. Total Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - Employer	\$	299,599	\$	283,298	\$	242,829
Contributions - Employee		149,701		144,435		138,195
Net Investment Income		(529,962)		1,646,179		709,489
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(506,052)		(457,209)		(442,937)
Administrative Expense		(4,999)		(4,936)		(5,495)
Other		(366)		1,233		(1,151)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	(592,079)	\$	1,613,000	\$	640,930
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		9,122,950		7,509,950		6,869,020
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	8,530,871	\$	9,122,950	\$	7,509,950
C. Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	543,278	\$	(488,293)	\$	641,283
D. Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		94.01%		105.66%		92.13%
E. Covered Payroll	\$	2,139,990	\$	2,063,351	\$	1,974,217
F. Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		25.39%		(23.67%)		32.48%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.146 requires that the data in this schedule be presented for the time period covered by the measurement date rather than the governmental entity's current fiscal year.

As required by GASB 68, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

FY 2020 Plan Year 2019		FY 2019 Plan Year 2018		FY 2018 Plan Year 2017		FY 2017 Plan Year 2016		FY 2016 Plan Year 2015		FY 2015 Plan Year 2014	
\$	247,295	\$	255,083	\$	252,747	\$	223,432	\$	230,066	\$	224,001
	563,821		527,092		488,747		455,587		442,558		408,005
	-		-		-		25,648		(30,437)		-
	98,227		27,698		10,003		(113,998)		(215,193)		70,178
	-		-		40,966		-		66,557		-
	(356,811)		(340,783)		(302,780)		(320,705)		(327,762)		(266,028)
\$	552,532	\$	469,090	\$	489,683	\$	269,964	\$	165,789	\$	436,156
	6,888,387		6,419,297		5,929,614		5,659,650		5,493,861		5,057,705
\$	7,440,919	\$	6,888,387	\$	6,419,297	\$	5,929,614	\$	5,659,650	\$	5,493,861
\$	224,232	¢	216,549	¢	230,209	¢	222,275	¢	171,946	¢	195,672
Ψ	136,489	φ	130,339	φ	125,994	φ	113,280	φ	100,806	φ	113,012
	968,944		(111,898)		759,828		358,262		(1,323)		315,301
	(356,811)		(340,783)		(302,780)		(320,705)		(327,762)		(266,027)
	(5,234)		(4,739)		(3,997)		(3,897)		(3,515)		(3,646)
	1,091		786		1,197		(19,498)		(15,631)		26,767
\$	968,711	\$	(109,746)	\$	810,451	\$	349,717	\$	(75,479)	\$	381,079
	5,900,309		6,010,055		5,199,604		4,849,887		4,925,366		4,544,287
\$	6,869,020	\$	5,900,309	\$	6,010,055	\$	5,199,604	\$	4,849,887	\$	4,925,366
\$	571,899	\$	988,078	\$	409,242	\$	730,010	\$	809,763	\$	568,495
	92.31%		85.66%		93.62%		87.69%		85.69%		89.65%
\$	1,949,844	\$	1,861,990	\$	1,799,913	\$	1,618,287	\$	1,440,086	\$	1,614,455
	29.33%		53.07%		22.74%		45.11%		56.23%		35.21%

COUNTY OF MILLS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2023

	2023		2022	2	2021	
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	317,244	\$	295,528 \$	271,167	
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions		(317,244)	(295,528)	(271,167)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	2,266,027	\$ 2,	120,867 \$	2,024,712	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		14.00%		13.93%	13.39%	

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.146 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the governmental entity's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending December 31 for the respective fiscal years.

As required by GASB 68, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 249,368 \$	219,314	\$ 220,056	\$ 223,76	3 \$ 187,916	5 \$ 179,507	\$ 189,526
(249,368)	(219,314)	(220,056)) (223,76	3) (187,916	(179,507)	(189,526)
\$ - \$	-	\$	\$	- \$	- \$ -	\$
\$ 2,064,292 \$	5 1,901,211	\$ 1,842,349	\$ 1,773,15	2 \$ 1,553,636	5 \$ 1,496,408	\$ 1,580,431
12.08%	11.54%	11.94%	12.62	% 12.10%	6 12.00%	12.00%

COUNTY OF MILLS Notes to the Supplementary Information September 30, 2023

Note A - Net Pension Liability

Following are the key assumptions and methods used in this GASB analysis:

Valuation Date	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.						
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age (Level Percent of Pay)						
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll, Closed						
Remaining Amortization Period	0.0 Years (Based on Contribution Rate Calculated in December 31, 2022 Valuation)						
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market						
Inflation	2.5%						
Salary Increases	Varies by Age and Service - 4.7% Average Over Career Including Inflation						
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%, Net of Administrative and Investment Expenses, Including Inflation						
Retirement Age							
	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.						
Mortality	135% for males and 120% for females of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale for 2010						
Changes in Assumptions and							
Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer	2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were reflected						
Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of							
Employer Contributions	2022: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.						

Other Information

COUNTY OF MILLS SCHEDULE OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Identifying	Rate	Maturity		
Description	Number	%	Date	Amount	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS					
Certificates of Deposit					
Road and Bridge Fund					
Mills County State Bank	165636	0.90	4/6/24	\$ 103,751	
Indigent Health Fund					
Mills County State Bank	165870	0.85	3/1/24	51,474	
Total Governmental Funds				\$ 155,225	
FIDUCIARY FUNDS					
Certificates of Deposit					
County and District Clerk					
Mills County State Bank	162377	1.05	11/23/23	\$ 13,410	
Mills County State Bank	163485	0.70	8/4/24	3,349	
Mills County State Bank	164256	1.05	4/21/24	29,830	
Mills County State Bank	164257	1.05	4/21/24	23,560	
Mills County State Bank	165878	0.90	11/17/23	640,437	
Total Fiduciary Funds				\$ 710,586	

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROLS SECTION



A Limited Liability Partnership

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court County of Mills P.O. Box 483 Goldthwaite, TX 76844-0483

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Mills, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Mills' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Mills' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Mills' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Mills' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Page 2

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eckert & Company, LLP

February 8, 2024